



Public Health England Antibiotic Leaflet

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You may be given this by your GP to explain why you have not been prescribed an antibiotic medicine. Or to explain why you can only collect a prescribed an antibiotic medicine after a certain date. This is because many illnesses do not need an antibiotic medicine and should clear up on their own.

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o antib	iotic prescription giver	1		
ntibioti	ic prescription given to	day but	t it should only be collected after	days if needed from: surgery reception GP pharmacy
Cold		usitis, otitis me	dia (earache) and sore throats often ge	
The 111.		how long these	e illnesses normally last, what you can o	do to ease your symptoms and when you should go back to your GP or contact NHS
lease tick	Illness	Lasts on average	What you can do to ease the symptoms	When should you (or your child) go back to your GP practice or contact NHS Directi (Listed in order of urgency, with the most urgent symptoms first.)
	Ear infection	4 days	Have plenty of rest.	If you develop a severe headache and are sick. If your skin is very cold or has a strange colour, or you develop an unusual rash.
	Sore throat	1 week	Drink enough fluids to avoid	
	Common cold	1 ½ weeks	feeling thirsty.	If you feel confused or have slurred speech or are very drowsy. If you have difficulty breathing, signs that suggest breathing problems can include:
	Sinusitis	2 ½ weeks	Ask your local pharmacist to recommend medicines to bring	If you have difficulty breathing. Signs that suggest breathing problems can include: breathing quickly; turning blue around the lips and the skin below the mouth; and
	Cough or bronchitis	3 weeks	down your temperature or	
	Other		control pain (or both). Other things you can do suggested by GP or nurse.	 skin between or above the ribs getting sucked or pulled in with every breat If you develop chest pain. If you have difficulty swallowing or are drooling. If you cough up blood.
				8. If hearing problems develop or if there is fluid coming out of your ears.

Click here to print out the PHE antibiotic leaflet template.

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Further reading & references

Public Health England

- Antimicrobial Resistance; Public Health England
- Antibiotic Awareness Campaign, NHS Choices

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Royal College

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